

Landfill Metal Energy **Diversion Recovery** Recycling 500 3.700 273,000 123,000 tons of MSW MWh Equivalent tons of ferrous tons of nonas Renewable metals ferrous metals processed Steam and of Enough to fill Equivalent to: > Electricity 32M 197 3,000 Enough to power Football aluminum cars recovered 11,500 Households Fields for one year from steel cans Or or charge 28,000 Paperclip chain Energy savings from **Electric Vehicles for** 33,100 wrapped around avoided metal mining: one year the earth 1.1M garbage trucks, 6 times bumper to bumper gallons of gasoline ► From Reworld to Norman, Tulsa Oklahoma Net Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Avoidance

2.3 tons

up to

99.93%

of net CO2e avoided* for every ton of waste diverted from landfill

577,000 metric tons of GHGs avoided

Equivalent to removing/displacing:

142,000 Vehicles from roads

712M Pounds of coal

Environmental Compliance





How Do Our Emissions Compare to Other Sources in the County?

Local air emissions*** in Tulsa County, OK



* GHGs are represented in CO_2 equivalents (CO_2e) using global warming potentials (GWPs) to compare the warming power of different gases. This analysis uses the 20-yr GWP for methane of 81 from the IPCC's 6th assessment report. TTFs in the U.S. reduce lifecycle emissions by an average of 2.4 tons of CO_2e per ton of MSW diverted from landfills. The data presented here reflects facility-specific operating data and the local electrical grid, which can differ from the national average.

** 2022-2024 Average Annual Emissions compared to federal guidelines for existing facilities (40 CFR 60 Subpart Cb). Facility may be subject to more stringent requirements by permit or in accordance with other federal guidelines.

*** Based on the 2020 US EPA National Emissions Inventory; the most recently released complete inventory.

Where available, the facility's 2020 emissions were replaced with the most recently reported 2023 emissions.